

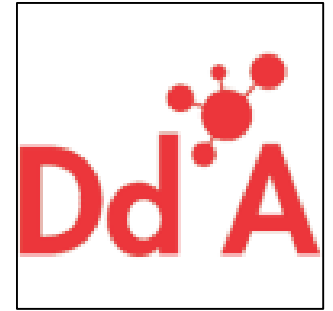


Fisica Tecnica (Modulo 1)- LM4

Fisica Tecnica – L23

A.A. 2021-2022



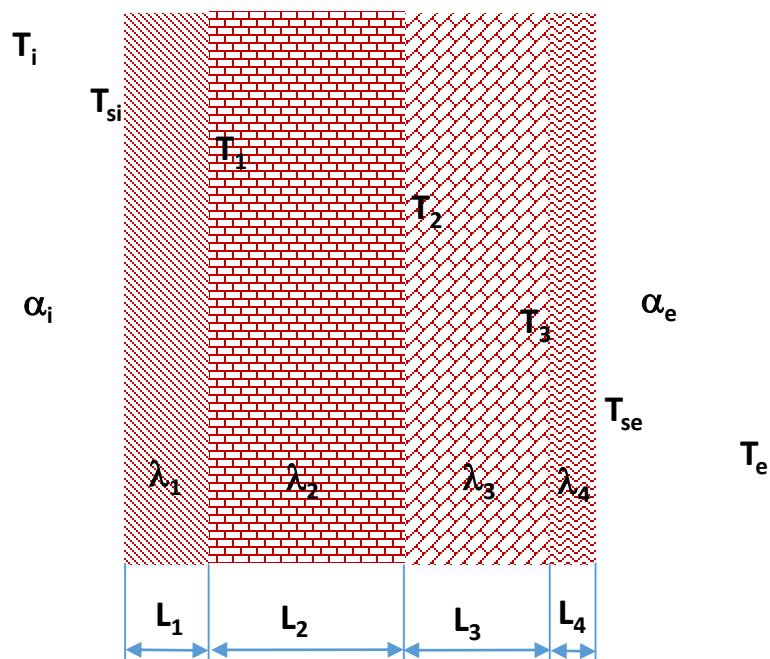


Lezione n. 19

Meccanismi combinati di scambio termico
Andamento delle temperature in una
parete multistrato



Parete piana multistrato di separazione tra due ambienti a diversa temperatura



T_i : temperatura operativa interna $[\text{°C}]$

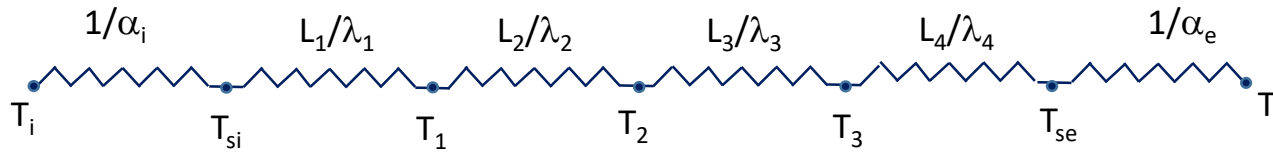
T_e : temperatura operativa esterna $[\text{°C}]$

α_i : adduttanza interna $\left[\frac{W}{m^2 \cdot K} \right]$

α_e : adduttanza esterna $\left[\frac{W}{m^2 \cdot K} \right]$

Analogia elettrica

Sei resistenze in serie: due adduttive e quattro conduttive



$$R_{u,tot} = \frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{L_3}{\lambda_3} + \frac{L_4}{\lambda_4} + \frac{1}{\alpha_e}$$

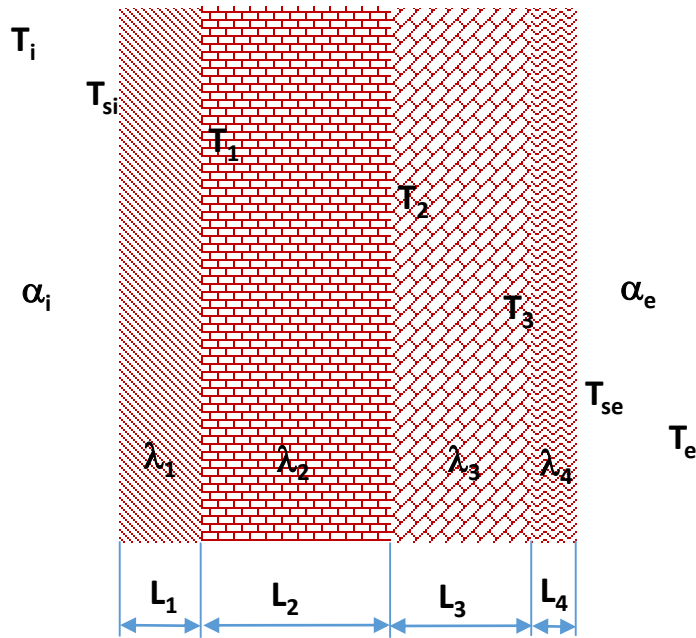
$$K = \frac{1}{R_{u,tot}} = \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{L_3}{\lambda_3} + \frac{L_4}{\lambda_4} + \frac{1}{\alpha_e} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\phi = K \cdot (T_i - T_e) \quad \left[\frac{W}{m^2} \right]$$

$$\dot{Q} = \phi \cdot A = K \cdot A \cdot (T_i - T_e) \quad [W]$$

Calcolo delle **temperature all'interfaccia** tra i singoli strati

Regime stazionario → **flusso termico totale = flusso termico in ogni singolo strato.**



$$\phi = K \cdot (T_i - T_e)$$

$$\phi = \alpha_i \cdot (T_i - T_{si}) \Rightarrow T_{si} = T_i - \phi \cdot \frac{1}{\alpha_i}$$

$$\phi = \frac{(T_i - T_1)}{\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1}} \Rightarrow T_1 = T_i - \phi \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} \right)$$

$$\phi = \frac{(T_i - T_2)}{\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2}} \Rightarrow T_2 = T_i - \phi \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} \right)$$

$$\phi = \frac{(T_i - T_3)}{\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{L_3}{\lambda_3}} \Rightarrow T_3 = T_i - \phi \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{L_3}{\lambda_3} \right)$$

$$\phi = \frac{(T_i - T_{se})}{\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{L_3}{\lambda_3} + \frac{L_4}{\lambda_4}} \Rightarrow T_{se} = T_i - \phi \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_i} + \frac{L_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{L_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{L_3}{\lambda_3} + \frac{L_4}{\lambda_4} \right)$$